

### We will cover



- 1. Master Plan Process Overview
- 2. Plan Foundations
- 3. Area-Specific Policy Preview
  - Design Principles for Structure Plan Places
  - Draft Future Land Use Map

### The Planning Process



May 2015 - Jan 2016

Setting the Stage

Feb - June 2016

1. Plan Foundations

July 2016 - Dec 2016

2: Focus Area Opportunities and Key Choices

**UNDERWAY** 

3: Draft and Final Plan

Aug-Sept 2017

4: Plan Adoption

### Factors Influencing the Plan



- Nearly 20 years have passed since the last major plan update
- City and region have changed significantly in that time
- Unique opportunities have emerged in last two years that will influence City's future

#### TRENDS AND FORCES

- Population expected to reach309,583 by 2034
- Population is changing becoming younger and more ethnically diverse
- Growing retirement-age population
- Experiencing a period of sustained job growth
- Housing demand shifting based on affordability and preference

### Key Objectives for Updated Master Plan



- Builds on current Master Plan foundation and recent City initiatives
- Grounded in a vision that reflects emerging trends and community priorities
- Land Use Plan aligned with residential and employment demand
- User-friendly
  - Clear through line
  - Reduce repetition and streamline overall
  - Consolidate the many individual "plans within the Plan"
- Defines a clear path forward

Vision and Guiding Principles



Goals and Policies



Land Use Plan



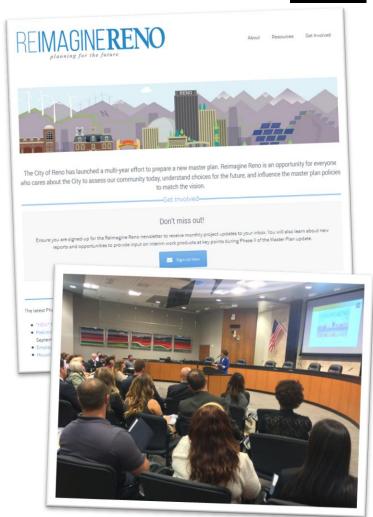
Implementation Strategies

### Community Engagement to Date



- Over 6,000 people participated in Phase I visioning
- Over 1,700 people have participated in Phase II to date through web-surveys and in-person meetings
- 900+ subscribers to monthly newsletters
- Ongoing coordination local and regional partners and targeted groups

More input opportunities as the Master Plan continues to take shape!



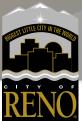
### Major Takeaways: Community Visioning





- Vision for Reno now and in the future:
  - 1. A base for outdoor activities
  - 2. An arts and culture center
  - 3. A university town & technology center
- Top community values
  - Safety for all
  - Well-maintained and attractive city and infrastructure
  - Affordability
  - Sense of community
- Other key takeaways:
  - People want more walkable neighborhoods
  - Improving downtown is very important

### Want to Learn More?

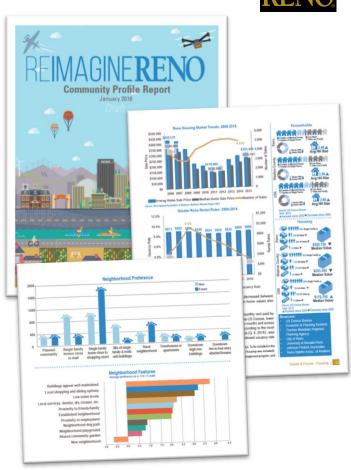


#### Phase I:

- Master Plan Assessment
- Community Profile
- Phase I Public Input Summary

#### Phase II:

- Draft Guiding Principles and Goals
- Employment Demand Forecast and Needs Analysis
- Housing Demand Forecast and Needs Assessment



### We will cover



- 1. Master Plan Process Overview
- 2. Plan Foundations
- 3. Area-Specific Policy Preview
  - Design Principles for Structure Plan Places
  - Draft Future Land Use Map

### Parts of the Plan



- 1. Plan Foundations (Complete)
  - Key plan concepts: Guiding Principles and Goals
- 2. Citywide Policies (Coming soon)
  - Organized by guiding principles and goals
- 3. Area-Specific Policies (Today's focus)
  - Structure Plan, Land Use Plan, Design Principles
- 4. Implementation (Coming soon)
  - Strategies/actions to support implementation of each goal
- 5. Appendices (In progress)
  - Maps, technical reports, and other supporting information

### Guiding Principles and Goals



- Synthesize vision and values input from Phase I
- In-person and web-based input received April-May 2016
- Updated draft released August 2016 that reflects input received
- Framework that will organize all citywide policies



Resilient local and regional economy



Well-connected city and region



Responsible and well-managed growth



Safe, healthy, and inclusive community



Thriving downtown and university district



**Quality places and outdoor recreation opportunities** 



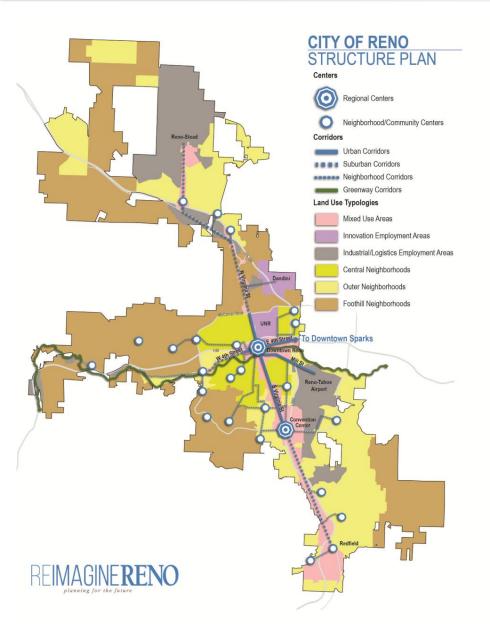
Vibrant neighborhoods and centers



**Effective government** 

### Structure Plan Framework





- Establishes overall growth framework:
  - Hierarchy of centers and corridors
  - Generalized patterns of development
- Supported by:
  - Land Use Plan
  - Design principles
- Expands best practice policies to all areas of the City, not just those with plans

### We will cover



- 1. Master Plan Process Overview
- 2. Plan Foundations
- 3. Area-Specific Policy Preview
  - Design Principles for Structure Plan Places
  - Draft Future Land Use Map

### Role of the Design Principles



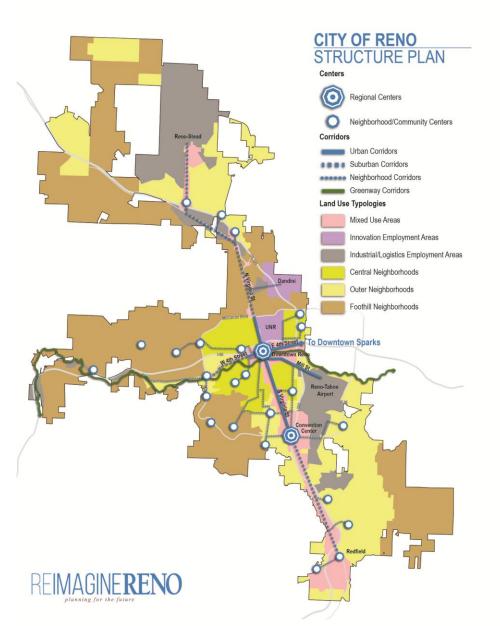
- Guide the character and form of development—reflecting community priorities
- Reinforce "place-based" concepts established by existing Center, Corridor, and Neighborhood Plans
- Support citywide policies and initiatives intended to promote a more sustainable and resilient community
- Support requirements established by the Truckee Meadows Regional Plan and NRS 278.0284.

### HOW WILL THEY BE IMPLEMENTED?

- Applicable Master Plan Land Use Categories
- Applicable zoning, overlay districts, development standards, Planned Unit Developments (PUDs), and other requirements adopted in the City's Annexation and Land Development Code.

### Organized by Structure Plan Place Types





- Regional Centers
- Community/
  Neighborhood Centers
- Corridors
- Employment Areas
- Neighborhoods

### Types of Centers





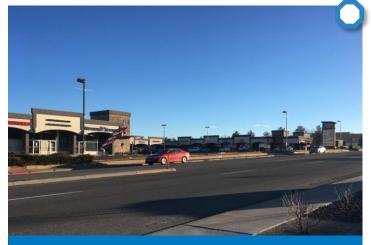
#### **REGIONAL**

#### **Characteristics**

- Serve Reno residents and broader region
- Diverse mix of uses
- Well served by multiple modes of transportation

#### **Locations**

- Downtown
- Convention Center



#### **COMMUNITY/NEIGHBORHOOD**

#### **Characteristics**

- Provide supporting services restaurants, small retail shops
- Accessible from surrounding neighborhoods via walking or biking (although some more auto-oriented)

#### **Locations**

- Varies; existing centers identified on Structure Plan
- Criteria allow for designation of additional centers over time

### How will new Neighborhood/ Community Centers be evaluated?



#### PROPOSED CRITERIA

Designate additional centers that are:

- Comprised of a mix of uses and are of a scale that is compatible with the surrounding neighborhood (existing or proposed)
- Provide a range of services or housing options not currently available in the immediate neighborhood, or not currently accessible on foot or by bike
- Support the revitalization of an obsolete shopping center or the reuse of vacant buildings or sites
- Consistent with the Design Principles for Community/Neighborhood Centers and citywide goals and policies contained in the Master Plan





### Types of Corridors



#### **URBAN**

#### **Characteristics**

- Within McCarran loop, multi-modal
- Integrated mix of higher-density residential, retail, commercial and employment uses
- Focus on continued reinvestment in infrastructure and amenities
- Adaptive reuse, infill/redevelopment

#### Locations

 East 4th Street, Mill Street Virginia Street (within the McCarran Loop)



#### **SUBURBAN**

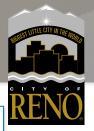
#### **Characteristics**

- Auto-oriented, lower densities
- Nodes of higher-intensity development encouraged to support transition over time

#### **Locations**

 North and South Virginia Street (outside the McCarran Loop)

### Types of Corridors (cont.)





#### **NEIGHBORHOOD**

#### **Characteristics**

- Provide connections between Neighborhood Centers and other Centers/ Corridors
- Mainly residential; higher density or mixed-use development appropriate in some locations

#### **Locations**

 Wells Avenue, Seventh St. between Keystone Ave. and McCarran Blvd; Moana Lane between S. Virginia St. and Lakeside Dr.



#### **GREENWAY**

#### **Characteristics**

- Reflect current and proposed trails and greenways
- Protect sensitive natural features
- Enhance regional connections
- Support the ability of residents to access outdoor activities

#### **Locations**

Truckee River Greenway; other existing/future regional connections

### Types of Employment Areas





#### INDUSTRIAL/LOGISTICS AREAS

#### Characteristics

- Oriented to industrial, manufacturing, and logistics uses
- Residential uses not supported due to compatibility issues
- Access to housing and services
  within close proximity important to
  support live-work opportunities and
  reduce cross-town trips

#### Locations

Stead, Reno-Tahoe Airport



#### **INNOVATION AREAS**

#### **Characteristics**

- Oriented to education, research, entrepreneurship, business incubators
- Connection to endeavors seeking to turn knowledge into products, processes, and services
- May include higher-density residential and supporting services

#### **Locations**

UNR, Dandini

### Neighborhoods

- General Design Principles applicable to all neighborhoods
- Tailored Design Principles to address unique characteristics of three types of neighborhoods:
  - Central Neighborhoods
  - Outer Neighborhoods
  - Foothill Neighborhoods









### General Neighborhood Design Principles



- Address a broad range of considerations for the design and livability of all neighborhoods
- Reflect input received about the types of neighborhoods residents would like to see more of the future:
  - Walkable/bikeable
  - Access to the outdoor activities
  - Expanded housing options
  - Access to services

- Relationship to major roadways
- Streetscape character
- Circulation and access
- Access to amenities and services
- Mix of housing types/ lot sizes
- Historic preservation
- Transitions
- And others...

### Types of Neighborhoods | Central





#### **CENTRAL NEIGHBORHOODS**

#### **Characteristics**

- City's oldest housing stock
- Valued for unique character, compact and walkable urban form, and proximity to services and amenities in nearby Centers and Corridors
- Support continued reinvestment and protection of neighborhood character and historic resources through

#### **Locations**

Concentrated within McCarran Blvd

#### INTENT

Support continued reinvestment and protection of neighborhood character.

- Compatibility of infill development (height, lot coverage, transitions)
- Renovations and additions
- Parking and garage locations
- Building orientation and setbacks
- Preservation of street grid and lot patterns
- Traffic calming
- Neighborhood character

### Types of Neighborhoods | Outer





#### **OUTER NEIGHBORHOODS**

#### **Characteristics**

- Generally comprised of single-family detached homes and have cohesive character
- Significant growth capacity exists, so opportunity to encourage broader mix of housing types and supporting non-residential uses and amenities

#### **Locations**

 Include areas generally outside McCarran Blvd, both older subdivisions and newer suburban developments

#### INTENT

Encourage a broader mix of housing types and expand access to services and amenities; address transitions at urban/rural edge

- Expand housing options through targeted infill and buildout of approved PUDs
- Support development of Community/Neighborhood Centers in underserved areas
- Pedestrian and bicycle connectivity
- Protection of open space, scenic view corridors and other natural features
- Transition approaches (e.g., cluster development, open space buffers)

### Types of Neighborhoods | Foothill





#### **FOOTHILL NEIGHBORHOODS**

#### **Characteristics**

- Unique site considerations
- Steep slopes, drainages, and vegetation increase risks associated with natural hazards
- Many abut state or federal lands, and are valued for the access they provide to the outdoors and a host of recreational amenities.

#### **Locations**

Located on the fringe of the City

#### INTENT

Recognize/protect unique context and encourage more diverse housing options where feasible

- Protection of natural features(e.g., grading, cut and fill, drainages, wildlife corridors)
- Access to public lands
- Viewsheds
- Pedestrian and bicycle connectivity
- Hazard mitigation (vegetation management, fire resistant landscaping, fire resistant building materials, fuel breaks, emergency secondary access)

## How do Adopted Neighborhood Plans Relate to the Design Principles?



- Policy concepts have been carried forward and adapted to be more broadly applicable
- Additional requirements may apply in some locations in accordance adopted neighborhood plans
- Four plans proposed to be retired due to changes in development conditions, general age, or implementation of identified policies since their initial adoption (McQueen, Newlands, Plumas, and Southeast)

#### PLANS TO BE CARRIED FORWARD IN APPENDIX

- Country Club
- Mortensen-Garson
- Greenfield
- Northeast
- Wells Avenue
- West University

### Design Principles for Sustainable Development





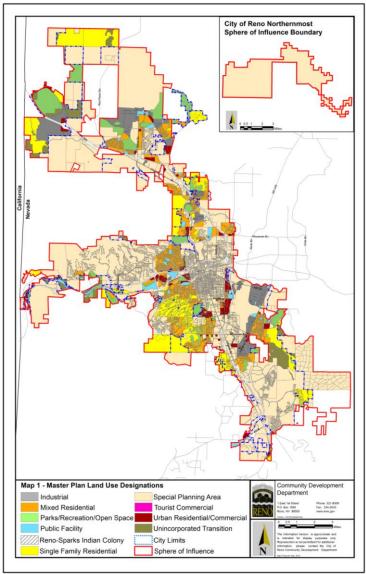


- Support integration of sustainable development practices in both public and private development
- Reinforce City's commitment to "green" and sustainable development initiatives
- Address topics ranging from natural resource protection to renewable energy to alternative transportation

### Role of the Land Use Plan



- Conveys community's vision as to where and how growth and development will occur
- Informs planning for infrastructure and services
- Implemented through underlying zoning districts



### Objectives for Updated Land Use Plan



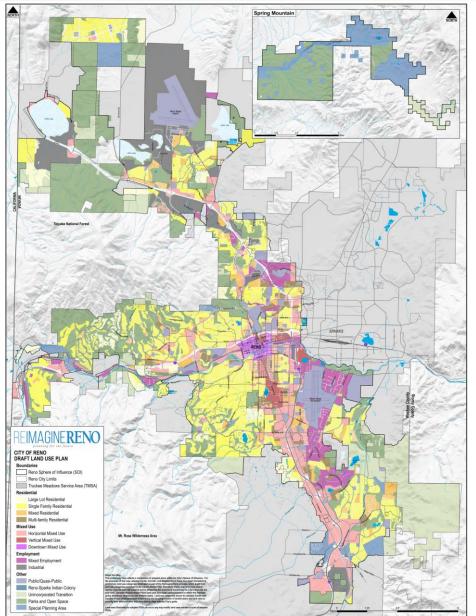
- More clearly convey a "big picture" view of mix and distribution of planned land uses
- Support consolidation of existing center, corridor, and neighborhood plans
- Support the tracking of citywide land demand and capacity analysis, now and in the future (residential and employment)
- Address compatibility concerns such as urban/rural interface issues, contextsensitive infill and employment land viability

### WHAT CHANGES ARE BEING PROPOSED?

- Addition of new land use categories to provide more specificity about type and location of development
- Translation of Special Planning Area (SPA) to new land use categories
- Phasing out SPA category moving forward

### Draft Land Use Plan





- Reflects translation of existing land use categories based on:
  - Underlying zoning
  - Neighborhood plans
  - Adopted PUD/SPD handbooks
- Preliminary draft –will continue to be refined between now and Master Plan adoption

### Proposed Land Use Categories



#### **RESIDENTIAL**

Large Lot Residential Neighborhood

Single-Family Residential Neighborhood

Mixed Residential Neighborhood

Multi-Family Residential Neighborhood

- Expanded from three categories
- Provides more specificity regarding density and mix of housing types in different locations
- Clarify location for secondary nonresidential uses

#### **MIXED USE**

Horizontal Mixed-Use

Vertical Mixed-Use

**Downtown Mixed-Use** 

- Replaces SPA and Urban
  Residential/Commercial designations
- Better defines the land use vision for the City's centers and corridors
- More accurately reflects variations in density and intensity by location

### Proposed Land Use Categories



#### **EMPLOYMENT**

Mixed-Employment

Industrial

- Replaces single Industrial designation
- Aligns with outcomes of employment needs analysis and overall economic strategy

#### **OTHER**

Public/Quasi Public

**Unincorporated Transition** 

Parks, Greenways and Open Space

- Nomenclature changes to support community emphasis on trails, connectivity, and outdoor amenities as part of the visioning process
- Expanded application of Public/ Quasi-Public designation on map

### Land Use Plan Feedback Process



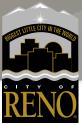
### **Today**

 Directly write on the draft map or use sticky notes to flag questions or concerns

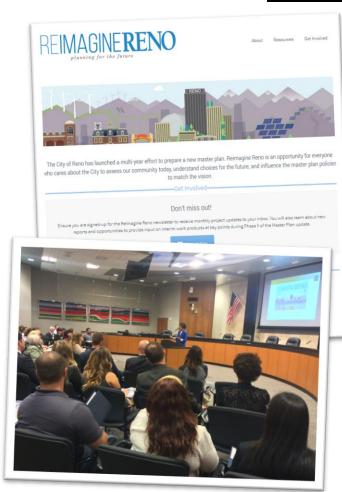
### **Late April**

- Revised draft posted to Relmagine Reno website with side-by-side comparison tool and online input feature
- In-person meeting options

### Next Steps/Input Opportunities



- Design Principles input survey available for review online through March 10<sup>th</sup>
- April 25-26<sup>th</sup>: Community Open Houses
  - Citywide Policy Framework
- July 25-26<sup>th</sup>: Final Community Open Houses
  - Draft Master Plan available for review
- August 2017: Neighborhood Meetings
  - One meeting in each City ward
- September 2017: Plan Adoption



# REIMAGINERENO

planning for the future

